

Anti-CADM1 Polyclonal Antibody

Cat: AC51802

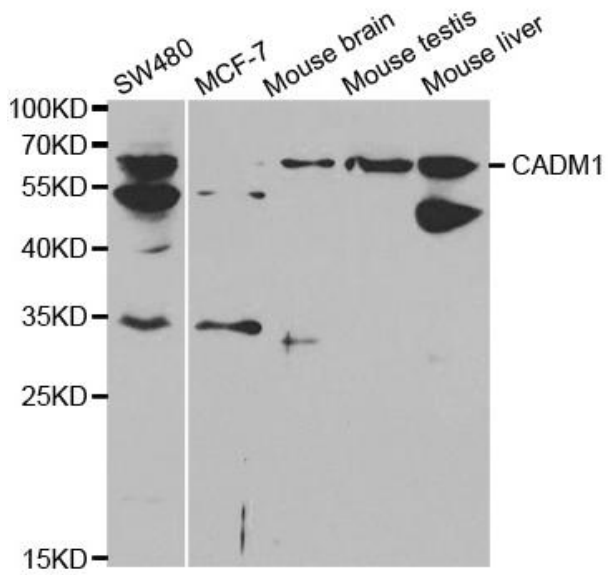
Summary:

- 【Product name】** : Anti-CADM1 antibody **【Source】** : Rabbit
- 【Isotype】** : IgG **【Species reactivity】** : Human Mouse
- 【Swiss Prot】** : Q9BY67 **【Gene ID】** : 23705
- 【Calculated】** : MW:49kDa **【Observed】** : MW:60kDa
- 【Purification】** : Affinity purification
- 【Tested applications】** : WB
- 【Recommended dilution】** : WB 1:500-2000.
- 【WB Positive sample】** : SW480,MCF-7,Mouse brain,Mouse testis,Mouse liver
- 【Subcellular location】** : Cell junction Cell membrane Single-pass type I membrane protein synapse
- 【Immunogen】** : Recombinant protein of human CADM1
- 【Storage】** : Shipped at 4°C. Upon delivery aliquot and store at -20°C

Background:

Homologous to the poliovirus receptor (PVR/CD155), the Nectin immunoglobulin superfamily comprises four known isoforms, Nectin 1, 2, 3 and 4 (also designated TSLC1). TSLC1 is encoded by a tumor-suppressor gene in human non-small-cell lung cancer mapping to chromosome 11q23.2. The TSLC1 protein is an N-linked membrane glycoprotein that co-localizes with the Actin filament-binding protein, afadin, at cadherin-based adherens junctions in MDCKII epithelial cells. TSLC1 also interacts with the tumor-suppressor gene product DAL-1 (for differentially expressed in adenocarcinoma of the lung protein 1) to target Actin rearrangement and cellular motility. TSLC1 may also form homodimers that function in homophilic, intracellular adhesion. TSLC1 expression is reduced or absent in a number of characterized cancer cell lines including A549. In prostate and breast cancer, as well as in pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma, the TSLC1 promoter is commonly silenced by hypermethylation. Unlike other Nectins, which are more widely expressed, TSLC1 is mainly expressed in the placenta.

Verified picture



Western blot analysis with CADM1 antibody
diluted at 1:1000